SỞ GD&ĐT ĐẮK LẮK TRƯ**ỜNG THPT BUÔN MA THUỘT**

ĐỀ THI THỬ TỐT NGHIỆP THPT NĂM HỌC 2023 - 2024 MÔN Tiếng Anh

	Thời gian làm bài : 60 phút
(Đề thi có 06 trang)	(không kể thời gian phát đề)

Họ và tên học sinh:	Số báo danh :
	Mã đề: 002

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the sentence that best combines each pair of sentences in the following questions

Question 1: He is a rich man. He leads a simple life.

- **A.** As he is rich, he leads a simple life.
- **B.** Until he leads a simple life, he is a rich man.
- **C.** If he were a rich man, he would lead a simple life.
- **D.** Rich as he is, he leads a simple life.

Question 2: We didn't want to spend a lot of money. We stayed in a cheap hotel.

- **A.** Rather than spending a lot of money, we stayed in a cheap hotel.
- **B.** We didn't stay in a cheap hotel as we had to spend a lot of money.
- C. We stayed in a cheap hotel but we had to spend a lot of money.
- **D.** Despite spending a lot of money, we stayed in a cheap hotel.

Mark the letter A, B, C, following questions	·		·
Question 3: Susan is ver	•	1	
		C. good as enough	
Question 4: We thoughtreplic	-	s worm a for of money, o	out they turned out to be
_		C. invaluable	D. volued
Question 5: By the time	you get back this eveni	ing, 1an my noi	mework and then I can
help you with yours. A. will be finished	D have	e finished	
A. will be limished			
			. C 1:
Question 6: The manage	r had his secretary	the repor	t for him.
A. typed	B. type	C. to type	D. to have typed
Question 7: Catherine is			
A. by far the most	B. much more	C. more	D. far the most
Question 8: Every Chris	tmas of my childhood v	was the same. My father	late for dinner,
weighed down with preso	ents for the family.		
A. had arrived	B. wou	ıld arrive	
C. was arriving	B. wou D. was	used to arriving	
Question 9:	, the woman w	as visibly happy after the	e birth of her child.
A. She was tired B. Though tired C. Despite tired D. Tired although she was			
Question 10: The government alwaysthe improvement of our people's life.			
		_	r
C. worry about	B. see D. look		
Question 11: Just a few minutes ago, the success of our football team in this match against Brazil			
was		of the rootenin tenin in	Julia against Blubii
	B. thoughtless	C. unthinkable	D. thoughtful

		ar daytime job, many peo	•		ening.
A. Beside				•	
-	who exercise frequ	ently have greater physi	cal endu	urance than those	
A. that doesn't		B. which don't			
C. who don't		D. who doesn't			
	ner	the captain of the team	than he	had to face the pro	blems
A. was he being app		-		nad to face the pro	
C. was he appointin		D. had he been appointed	d		
	C, or D to indicate	e the most suitable respo	onse to c	complete the follow	ing
exchanges				1.1 1.22	
	ıld you like to have"	some noodles, spaghett	ı, or son	nething different?"	
A. Anything will do).	B. I don't mind.			
C. Never mind.		D. Yes, please.			
Question 16: Two pe	ople Jenny and Mr	Robinson are talking ab	out Mr	Robinson's donatio	n
- Jenny: "Thank you	very much for your	donation, Mr Robinson	.,,		
- Mr Robinson: "	,				
A. I see.		B. You are right.			
C. Delighted I was a	able to help.	D. You can say that again	n.		
Mark the letter A R	C or D to indicate	e the word or phrase OF	PPOSIT	F in meaning to th	o
underlined word(s) ii	•	-	1 05111	L in meaning to inc	
		es of online shopping; Th	nic ic the	e reason why online	ctorec
are a booming busine	•	s of offine shopping, 11	113 13 1110	c reason why omine	Stores
	•	C. coming		D. developing	
		yphoon were <u>disastrous</u>			onary
measures.	isequences of the t	yphoon were <u>disastrous</u>	uuc to t	the lack of precauti	Jilai y
A. severe	B. beneficial	C. damaging		D. physical	
11. BOYOTO	D. ochericiai	C. Gamaging		D. physical	
Mark the letter A R	C. or D to indicate	e the sentence that is clo	sest in 1	meaning to each of	the
c 11 ·	-, -		~ 550 0.0 1	in the case of	

following sentences

Question 19: People say that these villagers are hospitable.

- **A.** It was said that these villagers are hospitable.
- **B.** These villagers are said to be hospitable.
- C. These villagers were said to be hospitable.
- **D.** It is said that these villagers were hospitable.

Question 20: The course on marketing appeals to me more than the one on finance.

- **A.** I'd prefer doing the course on marketing than the one on finance.
- **B.** I'd much rather do the course on marketing than the one on finance.
- C. I'd much rather to do the course on marketing than the one on finance.
- **D.** I'd much prefer do the course on marketing than the one on finance.

Question 21: Natural resources become exhausted because there are too many people on the earth.

- A. If there are fewer people on the earth, natural resources will not become exhausted.
- **B.** If there are few people on the earth, natural resources will not become exhausted.
- C. If there were fewer people on the earth, natural resources will not become exhausted.
- **D.** If there were fewer people on the earth, natural resources would not become exhausted.

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word or phrase CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions

Question 22: During the earthquake, a lot of buildings **collapsed**, which killed thousands of people.

A. exploded suddenlyB. fell down unexpectedlyC. erupted violentlyD. went off accidentally

Question 23: I <u>take my hat off</u> to all those people who worked hard to get the contract.

A. dislike B. discourage C. respect D. detest

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of the primary stress in each of the following questions

Question 24: A. borrowB. provideC. destroyD. succeedQuestion 25: A. conditionB. parentalC. managerD. disable

Choose the word that has the underlined part pronounced differently from the rest

Question 26: A. penalizedB. playedC. raisedD. markedQuestion 27: A. photographyB. academyC. catastropheD. qualify

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 28 to 35

The advent of the Internet may be one of the most important technological developments in recent years. Never before have so many people had access to so many different sources of information. For all of the Internet's advantages, however, people are currently becoming aware of some of its drawbacks and are looking for creative solutions. Among the current problems, which include a general lack of reliability and numerous security concerns, the most crucial is speed.

First of all, the Internet has grown very quickly. In 1990, only a few academics had ever heard of the Internet. In 1996, over 50 million people used it. Every year, the number of people with access to the Internet doubles. The rapid growth has been a problem. The computer systems that run the Internet have not been able to keep up with the demand.

Also, sometimes a request for information must pass through many routing computers before the information can be obtained. A request for information made in Paris might have to go through computers in New York, Los Angeles, and Tokyo to **obtain** the required information. Consequently, service is often slow and unpredictable. Service also tends to be worse when the Internet is busiest – during the business day of the Western Hemisphere - which is also when companies need its service the most

Some people are trying to <u>harness</u> the power of networked computers in such a way to avoid this problem. In 1995, a group of American universities banded together to form what has come to be known as Internet II. Internet II is smaller, more specialized, and fewer users are allowed access. Consequently, the time required to receive information has decreased.

Businesses are beginning to explore a possible <u>analogue</u> to the Internet II. Many businesses are creating their own "Intranets". These are systems that can only be used by the members of the same company. In theory, fewer users should translate into a faster system. Intranets are very useful for large national and international companies whose branches need to share information. Another benefit of an Intranet is an increased amount of security. Since only company employees have access to the information on the Intranet, their information is protected from competitors. While there is little doubt that the Internet will eventually be a fast, reliable service, industry and the academic community have taken steps toward making more practical global networks.

Question 28: All of the following are advantages of business "Intranets" mentioned in the passage EXCEPT.....

- **A.** they provide a higher level of security **B.** they share information with other company C. they move data faster **D.** Intranets are very useful for large national and international companies whose branches need to share information Question 29: The word "obtain" in paragraph 3 is closest in meaning to "....." **B.** understand C. distribute A. purchase Question 30: According to the author, what is one reason why the Internet is sometimes slow? A. Most people don't have computers that are fast enough to take advantage of the Internet. **B.** Scientists take up so much time on the Internet, thus slowing it down for everyone else. C. Phone lines are often too busy with phone calls and fax transmissions to handle Internet traffic. **D.** Often a request must travel through many computers before it reaches its final destination. Question 31: The word "harness" in paragraph 4 is closest in meaning to "....." C. block A. utilize B. steal Question 32: According to the passage, which of the following statements was true in 1990? A. Few people were using the Internet. **B.** The Internet was a secure means to gain information. C. Internet data proved to be impractical. **D.** The Internet experienced enormous growth rates. **Question 33:** The word "analogue" in paragraph 5 most nearly means "....." **B.** alternative C. solution A. use **D.** similarity
- Question 34: As it can be inferred from the passage, what benefits does Internet II have over Internet I?
 - **A.** Internet II has fewer users and therefore is faster to access.
 - **B.** Small businesses pay higher premiums to access the Internet.
 - **C.** There is no governmental intervention regulating Internet II.
 - **D.** Internet II contains more information than Internet I.

Question 35: With which of the following conclusions would the author probably agree?

- **A.** Fewer academic communities need to create their internet systems.
- **B.** An Internet system with fewer users would be quicker.
- C. Companies who develop their intranets are limiting their information database.
- **D.** The technology used by internet creators is too complex for computer owners to understand.

You are going to read a blog post in which a teenage boy describes his relationship with his parents. For questions from 36 to 42, choose the answer A, B, C, or D which you think fits best according to the text.

Teenagers and parents – it's the same old story ...

Many readers have described the ups and downs of living with teenage children.

This week, we hear from Barry Davros, 15.

OK, I'll admit it. Things haven't been so easy at home in the last couple of years. I'd like to think I'm old enough and wise enough to know that it's almost certainly because I'm a teenager now. I argue with my parents. We don't talk as much as we did when I was a kid. However, I'd prefer it if we never argued but found a way to talk about what was bothering us. I've been reading a lot of books and online stuff. And I'd like to share what I've learned.

There are so many things that parents have a go at their teenagers for that it's almost impossible to know where to start. So let's just pick mornings. Mornings are for sleeping. For as long as you need to, or at least as long as you can. Every teenager knows that. But not parents – they think that we should get up at 7.30, just because they get up at 7.30, ready for another busy day. So who's right? Well, the science says that an adolescent's body clock isn't programmed in the same way, and is on a schedule about three hours behind that of older adults.

Another 'issue' that parents make a big deal about is tidiness. Clothes were dumped on the bathroom floor, an old plate of food was under the bed, and house keys were lost. OK, I admit, I've been guilty of all of these things recently (but at least I owned up!). Sorting stuff like this takes planning, and the way the teenage brain develops means that it's just not our strong point. Sorry! The brain develops a chemical called myelin, and it's created over time. Until it's fully developed in all parts of the brain, it does unfortunately mean that even very bright teens can do really stupid things. So just bear with us guys!

Because as already mentioned, the teenage brain goes through all sorts of changes, sometimes teenagers can get angry. This usually makes parents angry. Which makes us angrier, which ... OK, you get the picture. But parents need to understand more about what's going on inside our heads. Like, there might be a perfectly understandable (to us) reason why we don't want to do that maths homework this instant. So, listen parents out there, try and understand! Don't always respond to us by getting angry. Just don't! Calm down, count to ten, and think twice.

Communication. That's a big one. Sure, teens and parents need to hang out together too, not live in separate worlds. But I'm 15, so the topics of conversation I was into when I was 11 don't work for me now. Same for all kids my age. The sooner parents realize **that**, the better. It's not that we stop loving them just because we're in our teens, it's just that we need more space. To grow up and find out who we are.

Here's a tip – if there's something that needs to be discussed, do it on a car journey. Whether it's the whole family together or just two of you, the fact that you're in a car means that you're gazing ahead, rather than staring at each other. For me, it just makes it easier to talk somehow, because I sometimes feel they're judging me or something if they're observing me. Try it. It works. And you heard it from me.

Question 36: Why shouldn't parents be surprised if their teenagers sleep late?

- **A.** Some teenagers need more hours of sleep than adults.
- **B.** It's natural for teenagers to have different sleep patterns from adults.
- C. Many teenagers find their busy schedule tiring.
- **D.** Teenagers prefer not to see their parents in the mornings.

Question 37: In the second paragraph, the writer admits that teenagers tend not to be very

.....

A. honest. B. confident. C. intelligent. D. organized.

Question 38: What does the writer mean when he advises parents to "count to ten" in paragraph 5?

- A. don't tell teenagers things they already know
- **B.** don't react too quickly
- **C.** find ten reasons for the behavior
- **D.** repeat what you have said

Question 39: Car journeys are a good opportunity to speak because.....

- **A.** the vehicle provides more privacy.
- **B.** the speakers don't need to look at each other.
- C. teenagers cannot avoid their parents when they are in the same car.
- **D.** families can travel somewhere nice together.

Question 40: What does "that" in paragraph 6 refer to?

- **A.** Teenagers need to spend time away from their parents.
- **B.** Teenagers need to spend more time talking to their parents.
- **C.** Teenagers want to talk about different things as they mature.
- **D.** Teenagers love their parents less than they did as children.

Question 41: Why has Barry written this blog post?

B. to explain why his	s narents annov him	s to be responsible	
C. to help families go	_		
	_	rs to read more about teena	agers
		ssage as the conflicts between	=
A. Two	B. One	C. Four	D. Three
A. IWO	D. One	C. Poul	D. Tillee
phrase that best fits each	th of the numbered blands)is a problem does not have any fixed east some time of the years are trying to deal with ople. One of the things the control of the co	r A, B, C, or D to indicate aks from (43) to (47) lem in many big cities in the place to call home. Hundre ear homeless	he world. It occurs when eds of millions of people(44)
1 1	homeless and offering	-	
Question 43: A. Impov	erishment B. Homelessi	ness C. Unemployment	D. Unhappiness
Question 44: A. Whose	B. This	C. Which	D. What
Question 45: A. a lot	B. many	C. plenty of	D. a number of
Question 46: A. reduce	B. decrease	C. weaken	D. improve
Question 47: A. give in	B. look after	C. take in	D. sign up
the following questions		es the material more thoro	-
-	B. attempting	C. to pass	D. studies
	1 0	ng goods now have a much	
A. a much longer B.	_	10 W 114 V 0 4 114 V 0	<u> </u>
•	canning goods		
•	0.0	oulous city and its industri	al culture scientific
and educational capital	is the country's most pop	orly and res made in	ar, <u>cartare</u> , scremme,
A. populous	B. culture	C. its	D. capital

THE END